TOSHIBA

Unit in mm

# TOSHIBA PHOTOINTERRUPTER INFRARED LED + PHOTOTRANSISTOR + AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT

# **TLP1211**

COPIER, LASER BEAM PRINTER

FACSIMILE, PRINTER

AUTOMATIC VENDING MACHINE, TERMINAL EQUIPMENT IN BANKING FACILITIES

PLAYING EQUIPMENT, FA EQUIPMENT

VARIOUS POSITION DETECTION SENSOR

The TLP1211 is a photointerrupter with a connector provided using a GaAs infrared LED at the emitter side and a Si phototransistor and an amplifier circuit at the detector side.

The output becomes high level when the light is shielded.

The Gap is as wide as 12mm and this product is usable for detection of large size substances.

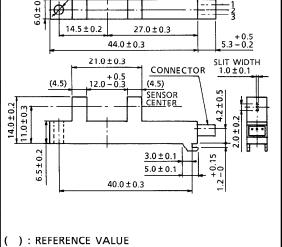
- For 5V of power supply voltage
- Open collector output
- Mounting plate thickness: 1.2mm
- Wide gap : 12mm
- Resolution : Slit width 1mm
- Low current consumption : I<sub>CC</sub> = 20mA (Max.)
- Output current  $: I_{OL} = 16mA \text{ (Max.)}$
- Material of the case : Polycarbonate
- Connectors

IL-Y-3P-S15T2-EF

(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry made IL-Y

Series Connector)



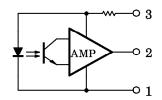


11-21B1

Weight: 2.13g (Typ.)

#### PIN CONNECTION

**JEDEC** EIAJ TOSHIBA



- 1. GND
- 2. OUT
- 3. V<sub>CC</sub>

961001EBC2

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  Gallium arsenide (GaAs) is a substance used in the products described in this document. GaAs dust and fumes are toxic. Do not break, cut or pulverize the product, or use chemicals to dissolve them. When disposing of the products, follow the appropriate regulations. Do not dispose of the products with other industrial waste or with domestic garbage.

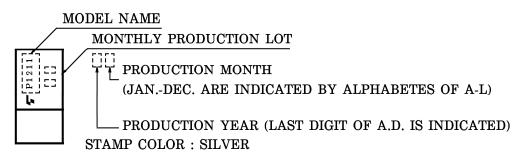
  The products described in this document are subject to foreign exchange and foreign trade control laws.

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### MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$v_{CC}$	6	V
Output Voltage	$v_{0}$	28	V
Low Level Output Current	$I_{ m OL}$	16	mA
Low Level Output Current Derating (Ta>25°C)	∆I <sub>OL</sub> /°C	-0.21	mA/°C
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{ m opr}$	<b>-25~75</b>	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$\mathrm{T_{stg}}$	-40~85	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

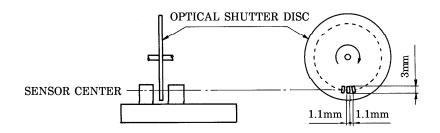
### PRODUCT INDICATION



# OPTO-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C, $V_{CC}$ = 5V ± 10%)

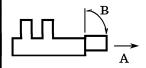
CHARACTE	CRISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Supply Voltage		$v_{CC}$		4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Supply Current	High Level	$I_{CCH}$	Shutter In	_	1	20	mA	
Supply Current	Low Level	$I_{CCL}$	Without Shutter	_	_	20		
Ontonet Waltern	High Level	$v_{OH}$	Shutter In, R <sub>L</sub> =10k $\Omega$	$0.9V_{\rm CC}$	1	_	V	
Output Voltage	Low Level	$v_{OL}$	Without Shutter	_	0.07	0.4	V	
Peak Emission V	Vavelength	$\lambda_{\mathbf{P}}$	LED Side	_	940		nm	
Peak Sensitivity	Wavelength	$\lambda_{\mathbf{P}}$	Detector Side	_	870		nm	
Response Freque	ency	f	$R = 1.5k\Omega$ (Note)	1000	_		Hz	

(Note) A value measured when the disc shown in the following figure was rotated. No DC current should be output.



# TERMINAL STRENGTH (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITION		LIMIT	
PULL	DIRECTION	A		
	WEIGHT	19.6N	NO DEFECT OF	
	TIME	5s/ONCE	ELECTRICAL	
BEND	DIRECTION	В	CHARACTERISTICS	
	WEIGHT	9.8N		
	TIME	5s/THRICE		



#### **PRECAUTION**

Please be careful of the followings.

- 1. Screw shall be tightened to clamping torque of 0.59N·m.
- 2. When installing, avoid to work by holding the connector by hand. Always, install by holding the main body of the element while assuring the mounting board is not warped or twisted. The connectors shall be inserted or pulled out at normal temperature.
- 3. It is recommended to mount this product by inserting from the sheet metal pressed side.
- 4. The container is made of polycarbonate. Polycarbonate is usually stable with acid, alcohol, and aliphatic hydrocarbons however, with pertochemicals (such as benzene, toluene, and acetone), alkali, aromatic hydrocarbons, or chloric hydrocarbons, polycarbonate becomes cracked, swollen, or melted. Please take care when chosing a packaging material by referencing the table below.

#### <Chemicals to avoid with polycarbonate>

	PHENOMENON	CHEMICALS
Α	Little deterioration but staining	• nitric acid (low concentration), hydrogen peroxide, chlorine
В	Cracked, crazed, or swollen	<ul> <li>acetic acid (70% or more)</li> <li>gasoline</li> <li>methyl ethyl ketone, ehtyl acetate, butyl acetate</li> <li>ethyl methacrylate, ethyl ether, MEK</li> <li>acetone, m-amino alcohol, carbon tetrachloride</li> <li>carbon disulfide, trichloroethylene, cresol</li> <li>thinners, oil of turpentine</li> <li>triethanolamine, TCP, TBP</li> </ul>
C	Melted { }: Used as solvent.	<ul> <li>concentrated sulfuric acid</li> <li>benzene</li> <li>styrene, acrylonitrile, vinyl acetate</li> <li>ethylenediamine, diethylenediamine</li> <li>[chloroform, methyl chloride, tetrachloromethane, dioxane,]</li> <li>1, 2-dichloroethane</li> </ul>
D	Decomposed	<ul><li>ammonia water</li><li>other alkali</li></ul>

